



**QORTI CIVILI
(SEZZJONI TAL-KUMMERC)**

**ONOR. IMHALLEF
JOSEPH ZAMMIT McKEON**

Illum il-Hamis 28 ta` Jannar 2021

**Kawza Nru. 3
Rikors Nru. 75/2015/JZM**

**Fl-atti tal-istralc tal-kumpanija
Cassar & Schembri Marketing Ltd
(C-33174) li kienet dikjarata xjolta
bi provvediment tal-Prim `Awla tal-
Qorti Civili tat-3 ta` Novembru 2015
u kien ordnat I-istralc tagħha**

Il-Qorti :

Dan huwa digriet dwar rikors li pprezenta I-istralcjarju fit-2 ta` Dicembru 2020 a tenur tal-Art 224(2) tal-Kap 386 tal-Ligijiet ta` Malta.

I. Preliminari

Għar-ragunijiet li huma specifikati fir-rikors, I-istralcjarju talab lill-qorti sabiex bl-applikazzjoni tal-**Art 224(2) tal-Kap 386** :

- Tiddikjara li l-mandati bin-nru 1621/2015, 1393/2016 u 1399/2016 huma irriti u nulli ; u
- Prevja li tinghata ordni ghall-hrug ta` kontromandati, tordna lir-Registratur tal-Qorti sabiex immedjatamente jirrilaxxja favur l-istralcjarju l-fondi li kienu depozitati taht l-awtorita` tal-qorti bicedola ta` depozitu numru 1231/2019.

Rat id-dokumenti li kienu prezentati mar-rikors.

Rat id-digriet tagħha tad-9 ta` Dicembru 2020.

Rat ir-risposta li pprezenta d-Direttur Qrati Civili u Tribunal fit-18 ta` Dicembru 2020.

Rat id-digriet tagħha tal-4 ta` Jannar 2021.

Rat il-verbal tal-udjenza tas-7 ta` Jannar 2021.

Rat illi r-rikors thalla għal provvediment għal-lum.

Rat l-atti l-ohra.

II. L-Art 224(2) tal-Kap 386

In sostenn tat-talbiet, l-istralcjarju qed jinvoka l-applikazzjoni tal-Art 224(2) tal-Kap 386 li jaqra hekk :-

Meta jkun sar ordni għal stralc jew ikun inhatar amministratur provvistorju, skont id-disposizzjonijiet tal-artikolu 228, ma tista` tittieħed ebda azzjoni jew jinbdew xi proceduri kontra l-kumpannija jew il-proprjetà tagħha hlief bil-permess tal-qorti u taht dawk il-kondizzjonijiet li tista` timponi l-qorti.

Din id-disposizzjoni tghodd ghall-kaz ta` Cassar & Schembri Marketing Ltd ghaliex sar ordni ta` stralc fil-konfront ta` din il-kumpannija mill-

Prim` Awla tal-Qorti Civili. Jidher illi l-mandati ezekuttivi li ghalihom qieghed jirreferi r-rikors kienu prezentati wara li sar l-ordni ta` stralc.

III. L-Art 130(2) tal-Insolvency Act 1986

L-Art 224(2) tal-Kap 386 huwa mfassal fuq l-Art 130(2) tal-Insolvency Act 1986 tal-Ingilterra li jaqra hekk :-

When a winding up order has been made or a provisional liquidator has been appointed, no action or proceeding shall be proceeded with or commenced against the company or its property except by leave of the court and subject to such terms as the court may impose.

IV. In-natura kollettiva ta` procediment ta` stralc

Fil-pag 501 tal-ktieb "**The Law of Insolvency**" (Sweet & Maxwell - 1998) **Ian Fletcher** ighid hekk :-

"The fundamental principle upon which winding up is based is the collective nature of proceedings. The objective underlying the relevant legal provisions is to ensure that an orderly regime is imposed upon all interested parties, so that none of them individually may contrive to enhance his position by exploiting some fortuitous circumstance which may yield some personal advantage, in the form of a larger proportional return on debts which are due, or a direct and more rapid recovery of payment, than would result from participated in the processes of the winding up, and receiving dividend in common with all other creditors whose debts carry an equal ranking in order of priority ... In order to ensure that the above objective is achieved the law establishes a series of barriers to the exercise by a company of its normal rights and remedies when it is prospectively or actually in litigation. By this means, the remaining assets of the company are maintained intact so that they may be administered in accordance with the principles of insolvency law". (enfasi u sottolinear ta` din il-qorti).

Issir ukoll riferenza ghal Pg 913-914 ta` **Boyle & Birds` Company Law** – 8th Edition – 2011 fejn jinghad illi :

Unpaid creditors of a company may consider commencing winding-up proceedings against the company as an alternative to suing for payment. As

*a debt collection mechanism, winding up proceedings may be swifter and, for the individual creditor, less expensive than a claim that may come to trial for some time ; **on the other hand, winding up is a collective procedure for the benefit of creditors generally and it does not benefit specific creditors individually (F. Oditah "Winding Up Recalcitrant Debtors" 1995 LMCLQ 107)** ... (enfasi u sottolinear ta` din il-qorti)*

V. **Id-diskrezzjoni tal-qorti**

Fil-kaz odjern ma ntalab ebda permess mill-qorti sabiex jigu prezentati l-mandati in kwistjoni.

Pero` anke li kieku ntalab permess, tajjeb jinghad li l-qrati għandhom diskrezzjoni wiesgha.

Il-qorti tirreferi ghall-gurisprudenza tal-qrati Inglizi.

Fil-kawza **In Re Aro Ltd** – 1980 Ch. 196, inghad illi :-

"In determining whether, in a compulsory liquidation, leave should be given to proceed with a claim, the court has an extensive discretion, it is free to do what is right and fair in the circumstances."

Fil-kawza **In Re Exchange Securities & Commodities Ltd** (1983) BCAC 186, inghad illi :-

"Generally leave will only be given where some question arises that cannot properly be determined in the winding up and where litigation is needed to resolve matters"

Fil-kawza **In Re David Lloyd & Co** (1877) inghad illi :-

"There are several circumstances where, generally, the court will allow the action to proceed. One is when the plaintiff is seeking to enforce his security, because a secured creditor is in a position where he can fairly claim that he is independent of the liquidation, since he is enforcing a right, not against the company, but to his own property."

Fil-kawza **In Re Barrow (Leeds) Ltd** (1982) inghad illi :-

"Leave will readily be given if the plaintiff undertakes not to enforce against the company any judgment he may obtain, without leave of the court".

VI. Konsiderazzjonijiet

Il-qorti hija tal-fehma li t-talbiet tal-istralcjarju huma fondati tajjeb fid-dritt waqt li dawk tad-Direttur Qrati Civili u Tribunali fil-funzjoni tieghu bhala Registratur tal-Qrati ta` Kompetenza Civili jippekkaw fis-sostenibbilta` legali taghhom tenut kont tal-fatt li stralc ta` kumpannija huwa procediment specjali regolat b`ligi specjali, li għaliha ma jghoddux disposizzjonijiet applikabbli fi procedimenti ordinari.

Sentenza li tat il-Qorti tal-Kummerc fis-7 ta` Lulju 1960 fil-kawza **Antonio Caruana et vs Joseph Debono et** tfisser bl-aktar mod limpidu dak li jsir fi stralc.

Dan huwa pronunzjament gudizzjarju li għadu jghodd anke llum.

L-istralc kien deskrift mill-qorti bhala :

dak il-perijodu transitorju mehtieg appuntu għad-determinazzjoni tal-attiv b`serje ta` operazzjonijiet intizi biex jillikwidaw l-affarijiet u biex jigu rizoluti l-pendenzi pendenti. L-istralcjarju hu l-mandatarju magħzul mis-soci jew mill-Qorti biex igib għat-terminu l-operazzjonijiet in corso, jezigi l-krediti u jestingwi l-passivitajiet, u b`hekk jikkjarixxi l-affarijiet tas-socjeta` biex jasal għal rizultat cert li juri jekk hemmx attiv x`jinqasam jew passiv li għandu jigi sopportat. Hu ma jistax jagħti hajja għal operazzjonijiet godda, għaliex appuntu l-funzjoni tieghu hi dik li jillikwidha l-affarijiet ga mibdijin, u għaldaqstant għal hekk għandu jigi limitat l-inkariku tieghu.

Hija l-fehma ta` din il-qorti illi wara li kumpannija tigi xjolta b`ordni tal-qorti, u jsir l-ordni ta` stralc, il-procediment ta` stralc ma jistax jitqies bħallieku kien kawza li finalment sejjjer iwassal għal sentenza. Huwa procediment *ad hoc* mahluq b`ligi specjali, b`funzjoni u għanijiet precizi. Il-process ma jidher konkluz b`sentenza. L-ordnijiet, direzzjonijiet u provvedimenti li tagħti l-qorti fil-kors tal-istralc sakemm tigi biex tagħlaq l-

istralc għandhom jitqiesu f`din l-ottika partikolari, u anke għalhekk mħumiex sentenzi.

L-argumenti li gab id-Direttur sabiex jikkontesta t-talbiet tal-istralcjarju kienu jagħmlu sens guridiku li kieku saru f`kuntest ta` procediment ordinarju. Il-kuntest odjern pero` mħwiex ordinarju izda huwa regolat b`lex *specialis* li tidderoga mil-ligi generali.

Bis-sahha ta` ordni ta` stralc, jiġi jiskatta a collective procedure for the benefit of creditors generally (inkluz ir-Registratur). Li kieku l-qorti kellha tippermetti li kull kreditur waqt stralc "jigri" biex jiehu taht il-kontroll tieghu assi ta` kumpannija li tkun qegħda tigi stralcjata, jigi fix-xejn il-benefiċċju tal-kollettivita` ta` kredituri. Waqt stralc jipprevalu d-drittijiet mhux min "jigri" l-aktar jew min għandu "nifs" l-aktar.

Provvediment

Għar-ragunijiet kollha premessi, u bl-applikazzjoni tal-Art 224(2) tal-Kap 386 tal-Ligijiet ta` Malta, il-qorti qegħda tiprovd billi :

Tiddikjara li l-mandati bin-numru 1621/2015, 1393/2016 u 1399/2016 huma rriti u nulli ;

Tordna b`effett mil-lum il-hrug tal-kontromandati opportuni sabiex il-mandati li għalihom hemm riferenza fil-paragrafu precedenti ma jibqghux fis-sehh.

Tordna iid-Direttur Qrati Civili u Tribunali fil-funzjoni tieghu bhala Registratur tal-Qrati b`Kompetenza Civili sabiex b`effett mil-lum jirrilaxxa favur l-istralcjarju l-fondi li kienu depozitati taht l-awtorita` tal-qorti bic-cedola ta` depozitu numru 1231/2019.

Tordna li I-ispejjez kollha ta` dan il-procediment jithallsu mid-Direttur Qrati Civili u Tribunali.

**Onor. Joseph Zammit McKeon
Imhallef**

**Amanda Cassar
Deputat Registratur**